***Dangerous Prisoners (Sexual Offenders) Act* 2003**

***Pro forma Supervision Order***

Date: 11 October 2019

**SUPERVISION ORDER**

THE COURT is satisfied that [**NAME OF RESPONDENT**] is a serious danger to the community. The rules in this order are made according to the *Dangerous Prisoners (Sexual Offenders) Act 2003*.

THE COURT ORDERS THAT [**NAME OF RESPONDENT**] be released from prison and must follow the rules in this supervision order for **XX** years, until [**INSERT EXPIRY DATE**].

TO [**NAME OF THE RESPONDENT**]:

1. You are being released from prison but only if you obey the rules in this supervision order.
2. If you break any of the rules in this supervision order, the police or Queensland Corrective Services have the power to arrest you. Then the Court might order that you go back to prison.
3. You must obey these rules for the next [**INSERT RELEVANT TERM**] years.

**Reporting**

1. On the day you are released from prison, you must report before 4 pm to a corrective services officer at the Community Corrections office closest to where you will live. You must tell the corrective services officer your name and the address where you will live.
2. A corrective services officer will tell you the times and dates when you must report to them. You must report to them at the times they tell you to report. A corrective services officer might visit you at your home. You must let the corrective services officer come into your house.

To “report” means to visit a corrective services officer and talk to them face to face.

**Supervision**

1. A corrective services officer will supervise you until this order is finished. This means you must obey any reasonable direction that a corrective services officer gives you about:
	* + - 1. where you are allowed to live; and
				2. rehabilitation, care or treatment programs; and
				3. using drugs and alcohol; and
				4. anything else, except for instructions that mean you will break the rules in this supervision order.

A “reasonable direction” is an instruction about what you must do, or what you must not do, that is reasonable in that situation.

If you are not sure about a direction, you can ask a corrective services officer for more information, or talk to your lawyer about it.

1. You must answer and tell the truth if a corrective services officer asks you about where you are, what you have been doing or what you are planning to do, and who you are spending time with.
2. If you change your name, where you live or any employment, you must tell a corrective services officer at least two business days before the change will happen.

A “business day”is a week day (Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday) that is not a public holiday.

**No [sexual] offences**

1. You must not break the law by committing a sexual offence.
2. [*Optional, depending upon the circumstances*] You must not break the law by committing an indictable offence [*involving violence*].

**Where you must live**

1. You must live at a place approved by a corrective services officer. You must obey any rules that are made about people who live there.
2. You must not live at another place. If you want to live at another place, you must tell a corrective services officer the address of the place you want to live. The corrective services officer will decide if you are allowed to live at that place. You are allowed to change the place you live only when you get written permission from a corrective services officer to live at another place.

This also means you must get written permission from a corrective service officer before you are allowed to stay overnight, or for a few days, or for a few weeks, at another place.

1. You must not leave Queensland. If you want to leave Queensland, you must ask for written permission from a corrective services officer. You are allowed to leave Queensland only after you get written permission from a corrective services officer.

**Curfew direction**

1. A corrective services officer has power to tell you to stay at a place (for example, the place you live) at particular times. This is called a curfew direction. You must obey a curfew direction.

**Monitoring direction**

1. A corrective services officer has power to tell you to:
	* 1. wear a device that tracks your location; and
		2. let them install a device or equipment at the place you live. This will monitor if you are there.

This is called a monitoring direction. You must obey a monitoring direction.

**Employment or study**

1. You must get written permission from a corrective services officer before you are allowed to start a job, start studying or start volunteer work.
2. When you ask for permission, you must tell the corrective services officer these things:
	* + - 1. what the job is;
				2. who you will work for;
				3. what hours you will work each day;
				4. the place or places where you will work; and
				5. (if it is study) where you want to study and what you want to study.
3. If a corrective services officer tells you to stop working or studying you must obey what they tell you.

**Motor vehicles**

1. You must tell a corrective services officer the details (make, model, colour and registration number) about any vehicle you own, borrow or hire. You must tell the corrective services officer these details immediately (on the same day) you get the vehicle.

A vehicle includes a car, motorbike, ute or truck.

**Mobile phone**

1. You are only allowed to own or have (even if you do not own it) one mobile phone. You must tell a corrective services officer the details (make, model, phone number and service provider) about any mobile phone you own or have within 24 hours of when you get the phone.
2. You must give a corrective services officer all passwords and passcodes for any mobile phone you own or have. You must let a corrective services officer look at the phone and everything on the phone.

**Computers and internet**

1. You must get written permission from a corrective services officer before you are allowed to use a computer, phone or other device to access the internet.
2. You must give a corrective services officer any password or other access code you know for the computer, phone or other device. You must do this within 24 hours of when you start using the computer, phone or other device. You must let a corrective services officer look at the computer, phone or other device and everything on it.
3. You must give a corrective services officer details (including user names and passwords) about any email address, instant messaging service, chat rooms, or social networking sites that you use. You must do this within 24 hours of when you start using any of these things.

**No contact with any victim**

1. You must not contact or try to contact any victim(s) of a sexual offence committed by you. You must not ask someone else to do this for you.

“Contact” means any type of communication, including things like talking, texting, sending letters or emails, posting pictures or chatting. You must not do any of these things in person, by telephone, computer, social media or in any other way.

**Rules about alcohol and drugs**

1. You are not allowed to drink alcohol.

[*Alternatively, depending on the circumstances:* At all times, your blood-alcohol content must be less than XXX. “Blood-alcohol content” means the amount of alcohol in your blood, which can be tested by the police or a corrective services officer using a sample of your breath or blood.]

1. You are not allowed to take (for example, swallow, eat, inject, smoke or sniff) any illegal drugs. You are also not allowed to have with you or be in control of any illegal drugs.
2. A corrective services officer has the power to tell you to take a drug test or alcohol test. You must take the drug test or alcohol test when they tell you to. You must give them some of your breath, spit (saliva), pee (urine) or blood when they tell you to do this.
3. [*Optional, depending on the circumstances*] You are not allowed to go to pubs, clubs, hotels or nightclubs which are licensed to supply or serve alcohol. If you want to go to one of these places, you must first get written permission from a corrective services officer. If you do not get written permission, you are not allowed to go.
4. [*Optional, depending on the circumstances*] You are not allowed to visit a public park. If you want to go to a public park, you must first get written permission from a corrective services officer. If you do not get written permission, you are not allowed to go.

**Rules about medicine**

1. You must tell a corrective services officer about any medicine that a doctor prescribes (tells you to buy). You must also tell a corrective services officer about any over the counter medicine that you buy or have with you. You must do this within 24 hours of seeing the doctor or buying the medicine.
2. You must take prescribed medicine only as directed by a doctor. You must not take any medicine (other than over the counter medicine) which has not been prescribed for you by a doctor.

**Rules about rehabilitation and counselling**

1. You must obey any direction a corrective services officer gives you about seeing a doctor, psychiatrist, psychologist, social worker or other counsellor.
2. You must obey any direction a corrective services officer gives you about participating in any treatment or rehabilitation program.
3. You must let corrective services officers get information about you from any treatment or from any rehabilitation program.

**Speaking to corrective services about what you plan to do [if relevant]**

1. Each week, you must talk to a corrective services officer about what you plan to do that week. A corrective services officer will tell you how to do this (for example, face to face or in writing).
2. Each week, you must also tell a corrective services officer the name of any person you associate with.

“Associate with” includes: spend time with, make friends with, see or speak to (including by using social media or the internet) regularly.

**Contact with children [if relevant]**

[*General conditions*]

1. You are not allowed to have any contact with children under 16 years of age. If you want to have supervised or unsupervised contact with a child under 16 years of age you must first get written permission from a corrective services officer. If you do not get written permission, you are not allowed to have contact with the child.

“Contact” means any type of communication, including things like talking with them face to face, texting, sending letters or emails, posting pictures or chatting, using a telephone, computer, social media or in any other way.

“Supervised” means having contact with the child while another person is with you and the child.

“Unsupervised” means having contact with the child while there is no other person with you and the child.

1. If you have any repeated contact (that is, more than one time) with a parent, guardian or carer of a child under the age of 16, you must:
	* 1. tell the person(s) about this supervision order; and
		2. tell a corrective services officer the details of the person(s).

You must do this immediately. This means you have to tell the person, and tell a corrective services officer, on the same day you have contact with the person.

1. Queensland Corrective Services has power to give information about you, and about this supervision order, to any parent, guardian or caregivers that you have contact with.
2. Queensland Corrective Services also has power to give information about you, and about this supervision order, to an external agency (such as the Department of Child Safety).

[*There may be other conditions relevant where the respondent is a child sex offender, for example*:]

1. You must not:
	* 1. be within XX metres of any school or childcare centre;
		2. be in a place where there is a children’s play area or child minding area;
		3. go to a public park;
		4. go to a shopping centre;
		5. join any club or organisation in which children are involved;
		6. participate in any club or organisation in which children are involved.

If you want to do any of these things, you must first get written permission from a corrective services officer. If you do not get written permission, you cannot do any of these things.

*\*\* There may be other specific conditions appropriate to include in the interests of community safety, based on the evidence, including psychiatric opinion evidence, in any particular case. \*\**